National Stakeholders Meeting Sofitel Hotel, Phnom Penh 23 March 2018









Vector Control Intervention in Schools to Measurably Reduce Transmission of DENV in the Community

Investigators:

Sowath LY, Sebastien BOYER, Patrice PIOLA, Veasna Duong, Philippe DUSSART, Vichheka KHUON, Rithea LEANG, Didier FONTENILLE





WP CAMBODIA

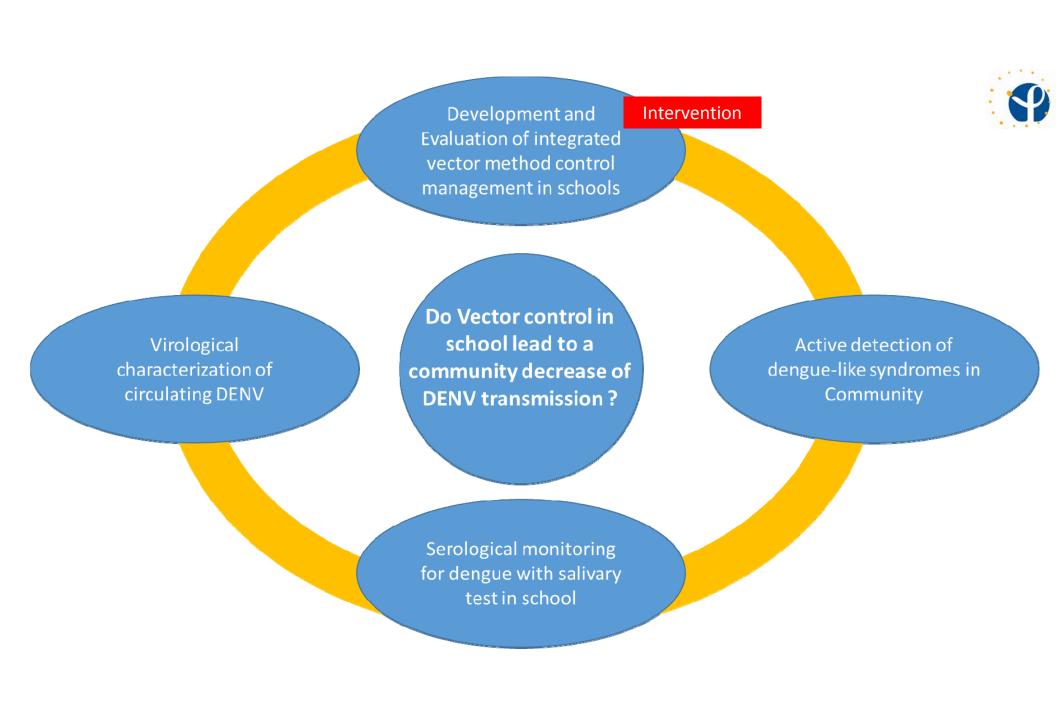


ECOMORE-2, WP Cambodia

Schools could be hot spots for transmission of dengue among children in Cambodia



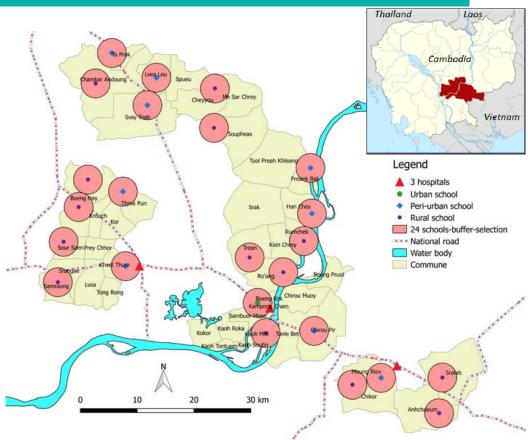
Do Vector control in school lead to a community decrease of DENV transmission?



Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial Study Kampong Cham & Tbong Khmum Provinces

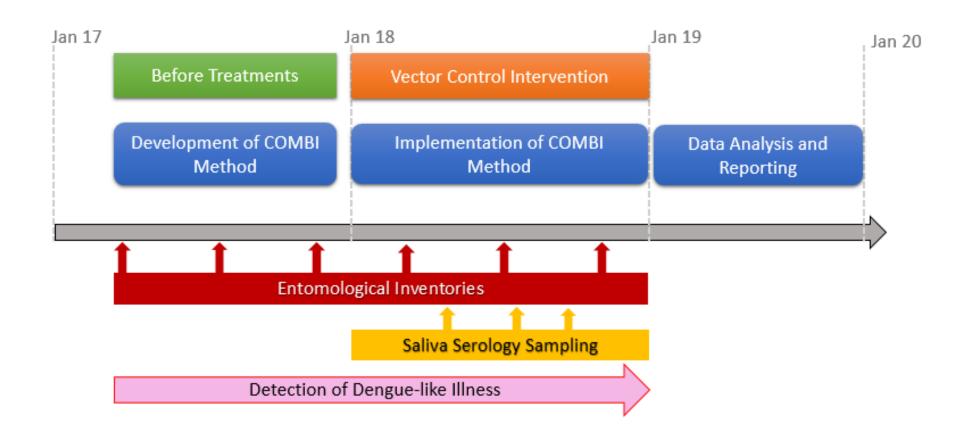


- 24 clusters in 5 districts
 - 71 villages (26 in urban/peri-urban)
 - 78,741 population
 - ~15,000 children aged 5-15 years old
- A cluster
 - One SCHOOL with primary grade
 - Several VILLAGES (800+ children aged 5-15 y.o.) surrounding and depending on that school
- Intervention arm (12 clusters)
 - Integrated vector control strategy





Project Timeline



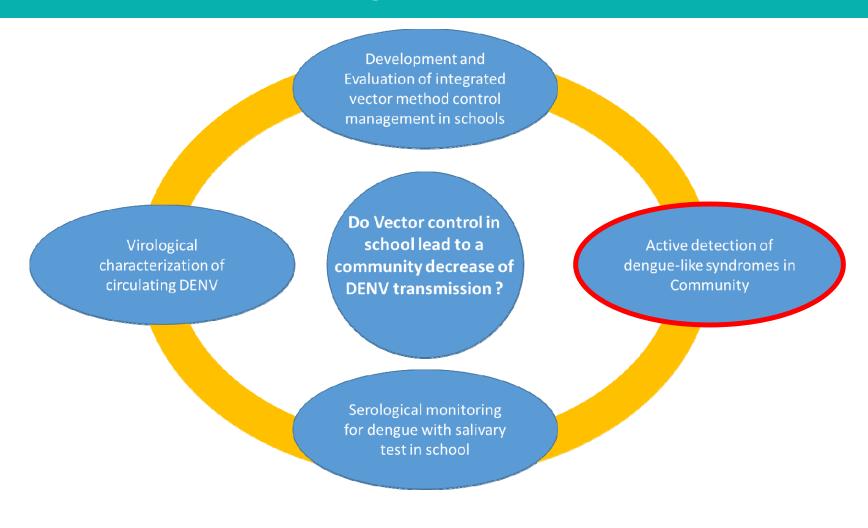


ECOMORE-2, WP Cambodia

- Involvement of Authorities
 - National Dengue Control Program, Ministry of Health
 - Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports
- Experts who have participated in the design of the study
 - Entomology
 - Virology
 - Epidemiology
 - Modeling

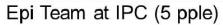


Active Surveillance of Dengue-like Illness in Communities





Active Surveillance of Dengue-like Illness in Communities In Children Aged 5-15 Years Old







Nurses from Health Centers (42 pple)



Village Health Volunteers (90 pple)

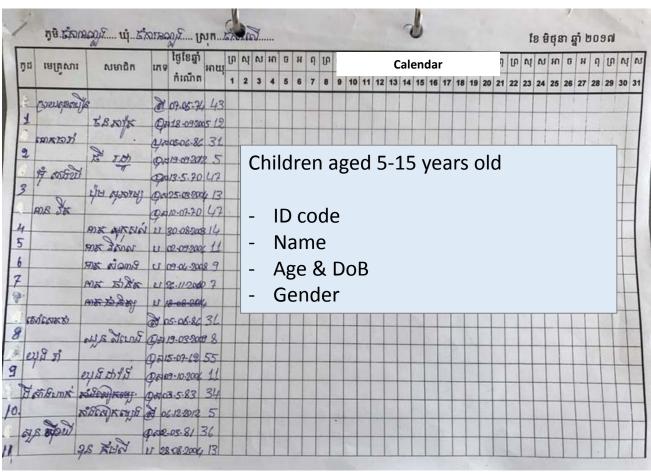


Local Monitors Kg Cham (4 pple)



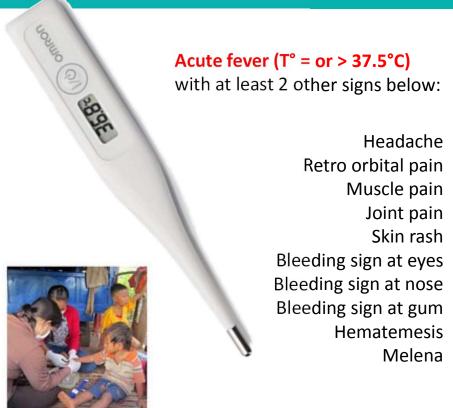
Detect Fever Cases Weekly Home Visit by Village Health Volunteers (VHV)











Blood sampling for testing at IPC (acute and convalescence samples)

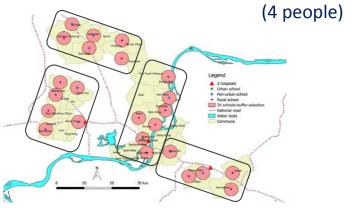




Monitoring Activities for Activies Surveillance of DLI in Community

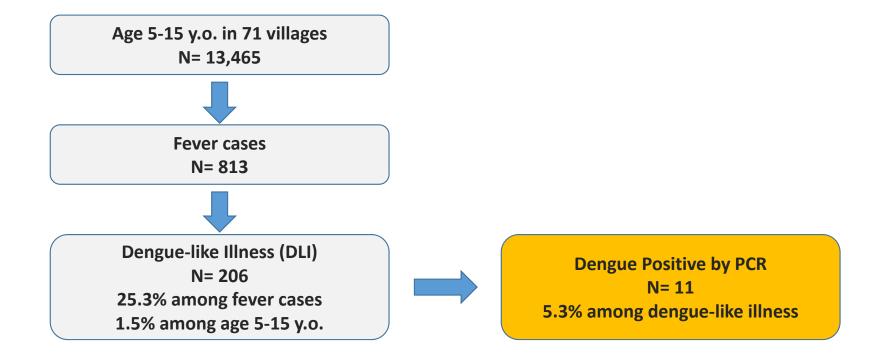
- Weekly monitoring of VHV's work
- Collect samples from health centers and send to IPC
- Onsite coordination and logistics

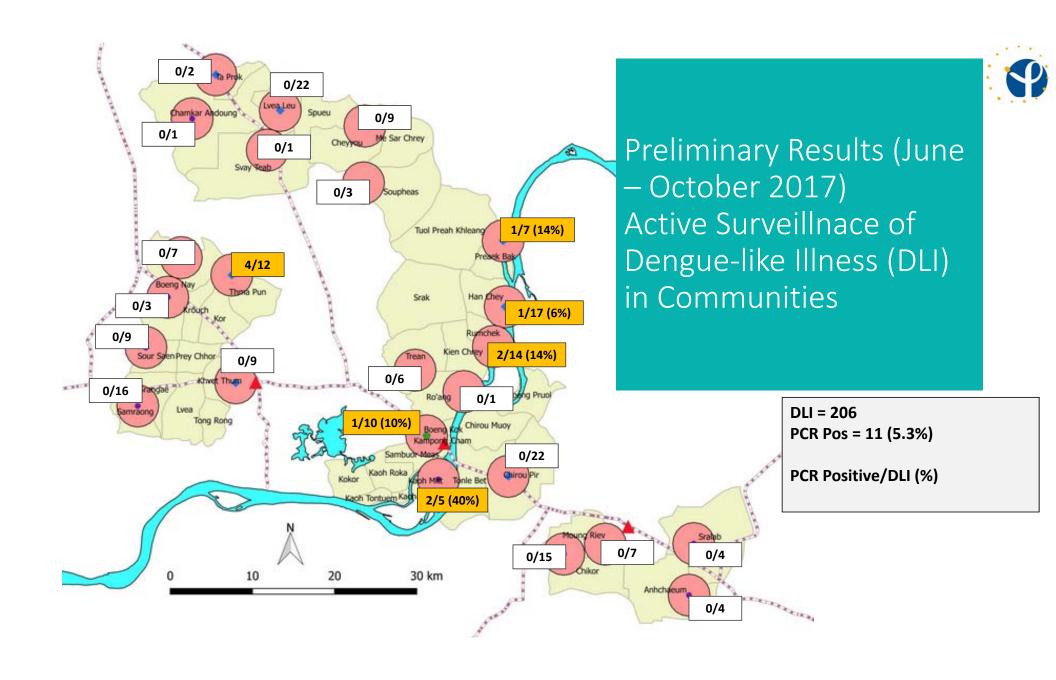






Preliminary Results (June - October 2017) Active Surveillance of Dengue-like Illness in Community

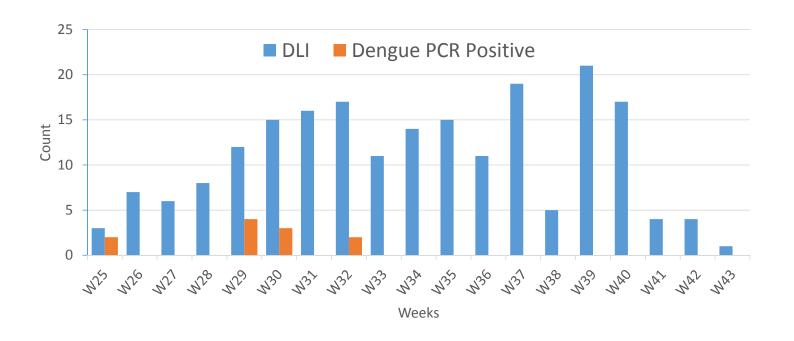






Preliminary Results (June-October 2017) Active Surveillance of Dengue-like Illness (DLI) in Communities

DLI = 206 PCR Pos = 11 (5.3%)



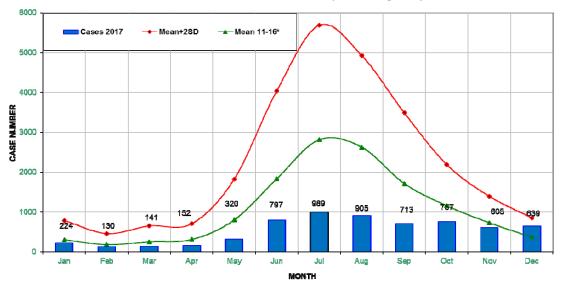


Preliminary Results (June-October 2017) Active Surveillance of Dengue-like Illness (DLI) in Communities

- The study surveillance
 - Low detection of Dengue-like Illness and Dengue Confirmed Cases in Community

- Data of Syndromic Hospital Surveillance, National Dengue Control Program
 - Low circulation of Dengue in 2017

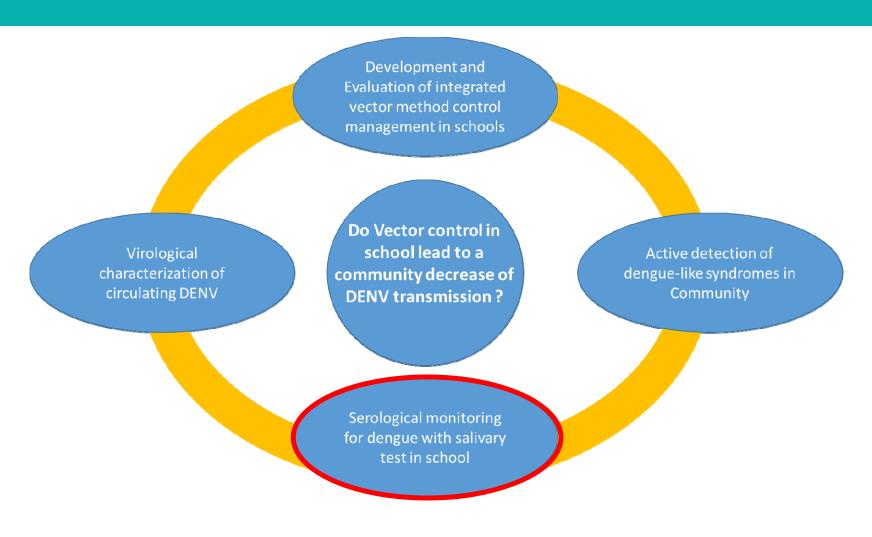




(Syndromic Hospital Surveillance, National Dengue Control Program)

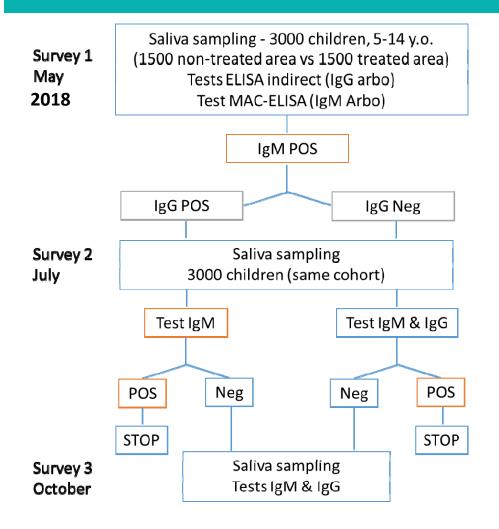


Serological Monitoring for Dengue with Salivary Test in School Children





Serological Monitoring for Dengue with Salivary Test in School Children







THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



Investigators:

- Dr. Sowath LY, Epidemiology and Public Health Unit, IPC
- Dr. Patrice PIOLA, Head, Epidemiology and Public Health Unit, IPC
- Dr. Sébastien BOYER, Head, Entomology Unit, IPC
- Dr. Veasna Duong, Virology Unit, IPC
- Dr. Philippe DUSSART, Head, Virology Unit, IPC
- Dr. Vichheka KHUON, Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports
- Dr. Rithea LEANG, Program Manager, National Dengue Control Program, CNM
- Dr. Didier FONTENILLE, Director, Institut Pasteur du Cambodge













